



LIQUID BIOPSIES FOR MONITORING BRAF^{V600E} MUTATION IN ADVANCED BRAF^{V600E} NON-SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER (NSCLC)

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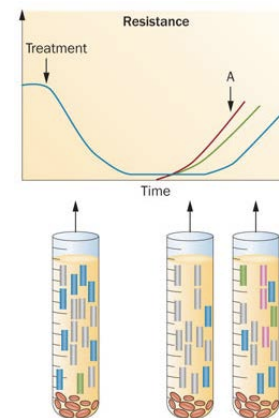
DISCLOSURES

- ***No personal financial disclosures***



BACKGROUND

- **Liquid biopsy (ctDNA)** is a useful tool for monitoring EGFR mutations in blood (T790M) in NSCLC patients
- BRAF mutation \approx **2% of advanced NSCLC** patients, mainly at V600E within exon 15 of the kinase domain
- **Dabrafenib + trametinib** have been approved by the FDA and EMA for the treatment of advanced BRAF^{V600+} NSCLC
- **BRAF^{V600+} ctDNA monitoring** for assessing the response to targeted therapy has still not been studied
- **Objective:** Clinical relevance of BRAF^{V600E} ctDNA for monitoring the response to BRAF+/-MEK in advanced BRAF^{V600E+} NSCLC patients
Exploratory: study of associated mutations at radiological progression



Remon Ann Oncol 2017

Crowley Nature Review Clin Oncol 2013

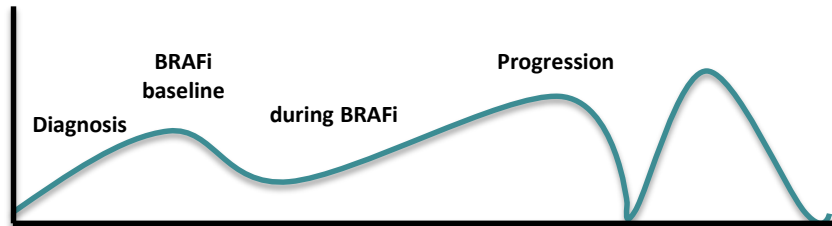
Planchard Lancet 2016





METHODS

- **Prospective cohort** of advanced BRAF^{V600E+} NSCLC patients treated with BRAFi +/- MEKi in Gustave Roussy from Mars 2013
- Blood samples were longitudinally collected from June 2016 until today (*ongoing*)
- At **different timepoints***



- **Molecular analysis** was performed using the **Inivata InVision platform** (enhanced tagged-amplicon next-generation sequencing (eTAM-Seq))





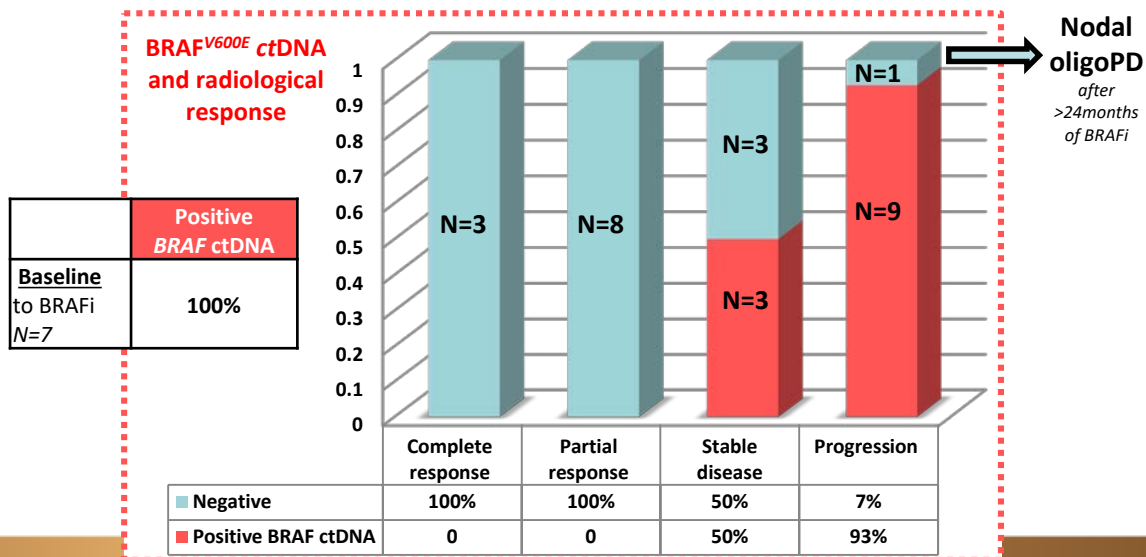
RESULTS

Baseline characteristic	N=15 (%)
Sex, female	9 (60%)
Age, median (years, range)	63 (35-81)
Smoking	
Non smoker	11 (73%)
Smoker	4 (27%)
Histology	
Adenocarcinoma	15 (100%)
Stage at diagnosis	
IIIB	1 (7%)
IV	14 (93%)
Metastasis sites at diagnosis	
Bone	6 (40%)
Pleural	6 (40%)
Lung	4 (27%)
Targeted therapy	
Line of therapy	2 (1-4)
BRAF inhibitor	1 (7%)
BRAF + MEK inhibitor	14 (93%)
Best response rate	
Complete/partial response	9 (61%)
Stable disease	4 (27%)
Progressive disease	1 (7%)

- ✓ The median PFS was **19.5 months** [95% CI 4- not reached (NR)]
- ✓ The median OS was **NR**. Median follow-up 33 months [95% CI 9-49]

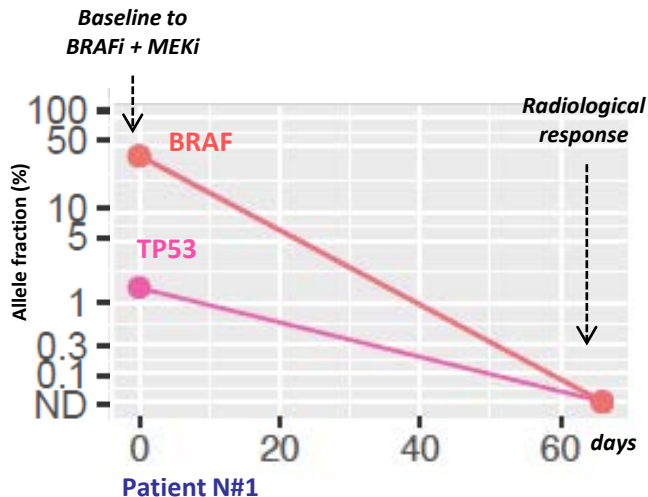
N= 35 samples longitudinally collected from 15 patients:
46% positive BRAF^{V600E} ctDNA in all the timepoints

n= 7, at baseline
n=28, during therapy





Associated mutations at progression

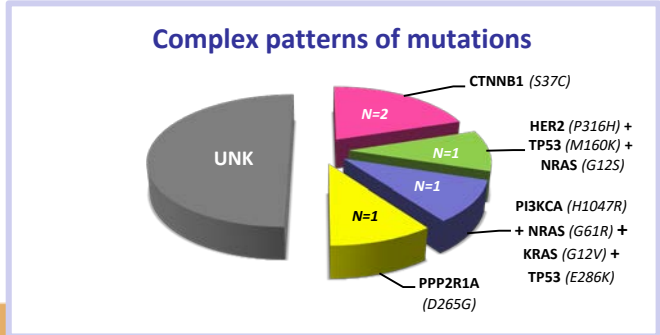
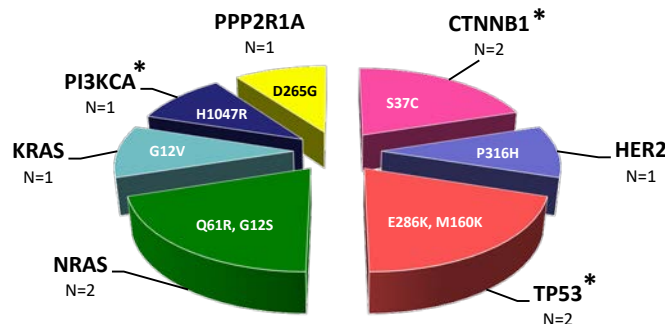


N= 10 mutations

In 50% of patients (5/10) were found other mutations on plasma at progressive disease

N= 5 Patients

Concurrent mutations detected on plasma at PD

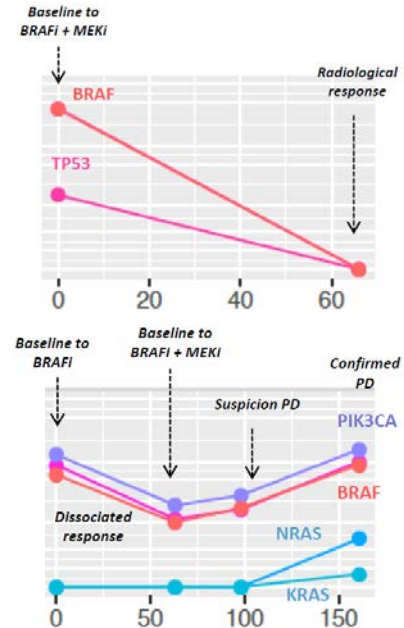




TAKE HOME MESSAGES

- **Liquid biopsy (NGS) is feasible and useful in clinical practice**
 - BRAF^{V600E} ctDNA was correlated with the radiological response
 - For dynamic assessment of the disease
 - For detection of concurrent or secondary mutation

- This trial is **still ongoing** for validating the liquid biopsy for monitoring the response with a higher number of patients





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- **The patients and their families**
- INIVATA, UK
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